



Properties

- Sensor shaft with integrated torque and angle measurement
- Non-contact measurement system, high robustness
- "Plug & Play" solution, no additional electronics required

Performance

- Measurement range from 50 Nm to 2000 Nm
- Accuracy class 0,1 % / 0,2 %
- Temperature range -40 °C ... +85 °C (105 °C)
- IP50
- Turning speed up to 10000 rpm
- Output Signals 0-10 V / 4-20 mA / PWM / Frequency

1. Short description

With this torque sensor the effective torque on the gauge bar can be measured bi-directionally independent from rotational speed. The sensor is delivered as a complete unit with corresponding connecting cable and key stones. The transmitting shaft, the contact-free signal pick-up and the analog signal processing are integrated into the sensor structure. No external amplifier is needed. Based on magnetic field and therefore completely non-contact measurement principle the sensor works totally maintenance-free over a wide temperature range.

2. Model Series 3000 / Series 4000

Series 3000 / Series 4000		Nominal-Torque	Max. overload	Rotational Speed	
Shaft Unit		Bi-directional (+/-)	Bi-directional (+/-)	[rpm]	
45	[Nm]	50	150	10.000	
15 mm	[ft-lb]	37	111	10.000	
15 mm	[Nm]	100	150	10.000	
15 mm	[ft-lb]	74	111	10.000	
05	[Nm]	250	750	8 000	
25 mm	[ft-lb]	184	553	8.000	
25 mm	[Nm]	500	750	8 000	
25 mm	[ft-lb]	369	553	8.000	
40 mm	[Nm]	1000	3000	5.000	
40 mm	[ft-lb]	738	2213		
40	[Nm]	2000	3000	5 000	
40 mm	[ft-lb]	1475	2213	5.000	



3. Technical Characteristics of the Sensor

			Series 3	000	Series 4000
No.	Accuracy class ¹⁾		0,2		0,1
		Unit		Valu	e
1	Linearity deviation incl. hysteresis	%ME*	< ±0.2	2	<±0.1
2	Rotational Signal Uniformity (RSU)	%ME*	< ±0.2	2	<±0.1
3	Repeatability	%ME*	< ±0.0	95	<±0.05
	Output signal in general	Unit		Valu	e
4	Frequency range, -3dB point, Bessel characteristics	Hz		0 25	500
5	Analog signal	V		0 1	0
6	Signal at torque = Zero ²⁾	V		≈ 5	
7	Signal at positive nominal torque	V		≈ 9	
8	Signal at negative nominal torque	V		≈ 1	
9	Calibration parameter	mV/Nm	≈ 4000 m'	V / Meas	urement range
10	Output resistance	Ω	62		
	Effect of temperature	Unit	Value		
11	Zero point drift over temperature	%/10K	< 0.2		
12	Signal drift over temperature within operational temperature range ³⁾	%/10K	< 0.5		
	Power supply	Unit		Valu	e
13	Supply voltage	VDC		11 :	28
14	Current consumption (max.)	mA		150	
15	Start-up peak	mA		< 20	0
16	Absolute max. supply voltage	VDC		30	
	General information	Unit		Valu	e
17	Degree of protection acc. to EN 60529	IP	50) (64 if re	quired)
18	Reference temperature	°C		+15	+35
19	Operational temperature range	°C	-40 +8	5 / -20 senso	+85 with angle or
20	Peak temperature temporary	°C	-40+10	5 excepte	ed angle sensor
21	Storage temperature range	°C		-40	+85
	Nominal torque M (bi-directional)	Nm	50 100	250 50	0 1000 2000
<u>%МЕ</u>	Weight related to a full scale measurement range	kg	1.4	2.4	6
23	Moment of inertia round shaft	kg*mm ²	5.9	59.5	626

(4) The accuracy class implies that taken separately both the linearity deviation as well as the rotational signal uniformity are either lower than or equal to the value of the accuracy class. The accuracy class is not to be identified with the classification following DIN 51309 or EA-10/14.

2) Zero point can be set to 5 V by pressing the Tera-button.

3) The factor of transmission declines linearly up to a maximum of 0,5 % / 10K with rising temperature due to the reduction of the elasticity.



	EMI / EMC	Unit	Wert
	Tested Standards		
23	EN 61000-6-3: 2007	-	PASSED
24	EN 55011: 2009 + A1: 2010 class B	-	PASSED
25	EN 61000-6-2: 2005	-	PASSED
26	EN 61000-4-2 (ESD) : 2009	-	PASSED
27	EN 61000-4-3 (HF) : 2006 + A1: 2008 + A2: 2010	-	PASSED
28	EN 61000-4-4 (BURST): 2004 + A1: 2010	-	PASSED
29	EN 61000-4-5 (Surge): 2006	-	PASSED
30	EN 61000-4-6: 2009	-	PASSED
31	EN 61000-4-8: 2010	-	PASSED
32	EN 61000-4-11: 2004	-	PASSED
	Load limits ⁴⁾	Unit	Value
33	Maximum measurable torque	%	110
34	Maximum torque, related to nominal torque	%	300
35	Ultimate torque	%	500
36	Maximum load of key stone (Application factor 1,5)	%	180 200 200

4) Based on the non-contact measurement principle the torque sensor is quite insensitive to bending and shearing forces. Self-aligning couplings are recommanded in case of dynamic loads.



4. Available Options

4.1 Optional Signal Outputs

In addition to the analog output signal the Series 3000 und Series 4000 can also be delivered with another optional output signal as listed below.

Frequency output									
Description	Unit	Value							
Basic frequency	kHz	60							
Measurement range	kHz	20 100							
Calibration parameter	kHz/Nm	40 / Measurement range							

Current output								
Description	Unit	Value						
Signal at torque = zero	mA	12						
Measurement range	mA	4 20						
Calibration parameter	mA/Nm	8 / Measurement range						

PWM-signal output							
Description	Unit	Value					
Carrier frequency	Hz	980					
Signal at torque = zero	%	50					
Measurement range	%	1090					
Error indication	%	95					
Calibration parameter	%/Nm	40 / Measurement range					

Only the analog voltage output is calibrated by default. All other output signals are adjusted according to the analog voltage output.



4.2 Optical angle sensor



Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Regular	Min.	Max.
Cycles (optical)	n		360		
Cycle error	ΔC	Degree ⁷⁾	0.8x10 ⁻²		4.2x10 ⁻²
Pulse width error	ΔΡ	Degree ⁷⁾	1.9x10 ⁻²		8.3x10 ⁻²
State width error	Δs _x	Degree ⁷⁾	1.4x10 ⁻²		8.3x10 ⁻²
Phase error	Δφ	Degree ⁷⁾	0.6x10 ⁻²		4.2x10 ⁻²
Index pulse width	P ₀	Degree ⁷⁾	0.25	0.17	0.33
Ch I rises after Ch B or Ch A falls	t ₁	ns	100	10	1000
Ch I rises after Ch A or Ch B rises	t ₂	ns	300	10	1000
Rise-time	t _r	ns	180		
Fall-time	t _f	ns	50		

7) Degree is with respect to the rotation.



5. Dimensions



Dimensions (in mm):										
	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	I	
50 Nm	160	93	33,5	15g6	96	60	61	40	57	
100 Nm	160	93	33,5	15g6	96	60	61	40	57	
250 Nm	220	101	63,5	25g6	106	70	61	40	67	
500 Nm	220	101	63,5	25g6	106	70	61	40	67	
1000 Nm	350	130	110	40g6	126	90	80	60	87	
2000 Nm	350	130	110	40g6	126	90	80	60	87	





Ball bearing										
Shaft ending	Distance K Description		Outer	Inner	Max. rotation of	Load rating [kN]				
	[mm]	Description	[mm]	[mm]	bearing [rpm]	Dyn. C	Stat. C₀			
Ø 15 mm	82.0	E2.6202-2Z/C3	35	15	25000	7.8	3.75			
Ø 25 mm	83.4	61905-2Z	42	25	18000	7.02	4.3			
Ø 40 mm	114.6	6008-2Z	68	40	11000	17.8	11.6			

Dimensions of ke	ey stone gro	oove (mm)		Key stone	Key stone- position		
Shaft ending Width		Depth	Length	Height	Length	Number	Distance L
Ø 15 mm	5N9	3	25.5	5	25	1	130.5
Ø 25 mm	8N9	4	50.5	7	50	2	165.5
Ø 40 mm	12N9	5	90.5	8	90	2	252.0

It is recommended to tolerate the hub diameter with H7-clearance. In the situation of dynamic loads the shaft should be supported with a friction grip, a form lock or a coupling.



6. Connection Plan



Model	Binder Series 423/723/425									
	Item number:	Item number: 09-0132-90-12								
	Colour code according to DIN 47100									
Pin	Colour	Description	Value							
A	White	Supply voltage V _{cc}	11 V 28 V							
В	Brown	Ground GND								
С	Green	Analog Out	0 V 10 V							
D	Yellow	Analog GND								
Е	Grey	PWM / Frequency / 4-20 mA								
F	Pink	Angle Ch A /	0 V 5 V							
G	Blue	Angle Ch I	0 V 5 V							
Н	Red	Angle Ch B	0 V 5 V							
Ι	Black	-								
К	Violet	For internal use only	Do not connect							
L	Grey-Pink	For internal use only	Do not connect							
Μ	Red-Blue	Digital GND								





7. Operating Instructions

Field of Application

The torque sensor is intended for the use in industrial applications. (e.g. test bench).

Scope of Delivery

The torque sensor set consists of the sensor itself (signal pick-up and signal processing integrated into sensor housing), one connecting cable with a soldered plug, key stones and the instruction manual.

Installation and Removal

Make sure to install the sensor shafts exactly with the proper aligned connecting shafts. The key stone adapter / square endings of the connecting shafts are to be attached forceless to the corresponding ones of the sensor. The sensor is not designed as a step bearing. No external axial or radial force should be on the housing of the sensor by fixing it. In case that the bending or radial forces could not avoided the ball bearing of the sensor must be double-checked. The allowed bearing forces are listed in (Chapter 6. Dimensions). The M4-screw threads on the side are only for fixing the sensor housing and keeping it from distortion. A maximum cable length of 5 m must not be exceeded. Using a cable or connector other than supplied by NCTE, or a similar cable that is of a different length may affect the overall performance of the sensor. DO NOT REMOVE THE SHAFT WITH TORQUE APPLIED TO THE SENSOR.

Offset Adjustment

If required the zero point output signal (5 V) can be adjusted by pressing the Tare-button. By factory default the sensor is set to 5 V at Null torque.

Interface Description

Mechanical connection:

The key stone adapters on both ends of the measurement shaft are intended for torque transmission.

Electrical connector:

On the sensor housing there is a 12-pin socket for the power supply and the signal output.(see Chapter 7. Connection Plan).

Operation (in regular case or in optimal case)

Optimal measurement parameters may be achieved when the sensor is applied in accordance to the specification. Use the sensor only for short periods of time at the maximum rotational speed. By compliance with the specification the sensor works generally trouble-free and maintenance-free.

Irregular Operation, Measures against Disturbance

The presence of external electromagnetic or magnetic fields can lead to irregular measurement results. The mechanical overload on the sensor (e.g. exceeding of maximum allowed torque or severe vibrations) may cause damage to the sensor and in consequence the incorrect signal output. In such cases the sensor must be reset (see Point 8.4 Offset Adjustment). If this does not help, do not open the sensor but contact **NCTE AG** directly for assistance.



Commissioning

After sensor installation pay attention to the followings:

•Switch on the power supply unit and check the supply voltage. Peak voltage to the sensor must be avoided! Be sure to verify the power supply voltage before connecting the sensor!

•Connect the sensor to the power supply unit by using the delivered cable.

•Connect the sensor output to a high-resistance device such as an A/D converter, oscilloscope, PC measurement board. The sensor should be in mechanical unloaded state while connecting it.

Tare function and error indication:

Series 3000/Series 4000 contains a LED button on the housing surface. Pressing the button will set the signal output to 5 V. The illumination of the button serves as a function / malfunction indicator.

Functional indicator:

LED off: missing power supply or sensor is damaged LED on: Sensor is ready.

Error indicator:

LED flashes: The sensor is not ready.

Flashing of LED can have several possible causes. Various causes are interpreted through a flash code. After each flash code the LED makes a short pause before repeating the code.

2x flashing: Magnet field sensors defective.

4x flashing: Electronics defective.

Service / Maintenance

Service-contact: Tel.: ++49 89 66 56 19 0 Fax: ++49 89 66 56 19 29

Maintenance:

The sensor is free of maintenance, NCTE advises a yearly recalibration. The ball bearing is designed for a lifetime of 5000 h.

Disposal

For purposes of disposal please send the device back to NCTE AG.

Handling and Transport

While handling, storing and transporting keep sensor away from magnetic and electromagnetic fields which may exceed the allowed maximum range of EMC listed in Chapter 3. Technical Characteristics of the Sensor.

Precautions

- Do not open the sensor under any circumstances.
- Do not remove or loosen the locking rings on the shaft ends.
- The mounting nut of the socket as well as the fixing screws should not be loosened or tightened.
- Use only a separate power supply for the sensor
- Use the sensor only according to the specification (Chapter 3. Technical Characteristics of the Sensor).
- Keep the sensor away from magnetic and electromagnetic fields which may exceed the allowed maximum range of EMC (Chapter 3. Technical Characteristics of the Sensor)
- The sensor is not designed as a step bearing. The existing fixing possibilities serve exclusively for preventing the sensor from distortion.

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8. Calibration and Accuracy Class

The exact data about the sensor is given in the enclosed factory calibration certificate. Except the sensor type this certificate also contains the exact calibration data. Each sensor has its own calibration value which is listed in the calibration certificate as well as on the label of the sensor. The calibration certificate also shows the accuracy of each sensor. The accuracy class of an NCTE torque sensor means that the largest single deviation of all values represented in percentage is either smaller than or equal to the value listed in the accuracy class.

Calibration value:

The calibration characteristic value shows how much the output signal changes per torque. There is no difference whether the torque is directed to the left or to the right.



Hysteresis:

Hysteresis expresses the biggest difference between up- and downwards branches at one torque level in percentage.



Rotational Signal Uniformity (RSU):

RSU is a signal variation created during 360° rotation of the sensor shaft without torque. The modulation is the difference between minimal and maximal values during this single rotation. RSU is generated by small homogeneities in the magnetic field and depends mostly on the property of the sensor shaft.



Modifications reserved. All details describe our products in general form only. They are not to be understood as a guarantee of quality or durability and do not constitute any liability whatsoever.



9. Order Options Series 3000 (Versions)

Series 3000 Accuracy 0,2%									
	Optio	n 1: Me	easure	ement	range	e			
		50	Nm						
	1	0 0	Nm						
	2	2 5 0 Nm							
	5	0 0	Nm						
	1 0	1 0 0 0 Nm							
	2 0	2 0 0 0 Nm							
			Optio	n 2: A	ngle s	ensor			
			0	witho	ut angl	e senso	or		
			1	with a	angle s	ensor 3	60 P / Rev. (optical)		
				Optic	on 3: O	output s	ignal⁵		
				Α	analo	g voltag	e output		
				S	additi	onal cu	rrent output 4-20 mA		
				Р	additi	onal PV	VM output		
				F	additi	onal Fre	equency output 20-100 kHz		
					Optic	on 4: Sł	naft ends ⁶		
					0	Standa	ard round shaft ends with key stor	ne	
					1	Square	e shaft ends (only by 50/250/1000)Nm)	
						0	IP50		
						1	IP64 (without angle sensor)		

Exampel Modelnumber:

3000-0250-1-A-0-0 Serie 3000 – Measurement range 250 Nm – with angle sensor– analog voltage – key stone – IP50



10. Order Options Series 4000 (Versions)

Series 4000 Accuracy 0,1%									
	Option 1: Measurement range								
	5	0 Nm							
	1 0	0 Nm							
	25	2 5 0 Nm							
	100	0 Nm							
		Optic	on 2: A						
		0	witho	without angle sensor					
		1	with a	with angle sensor 360 P / Rev. (optical)					
	Option 3: Signal output								
			Α	analog voltage output					
			S	additional current output 4-20 mA					
		Р	additional PWM output						
			F	addit	additional Frequency output 20-100 kHz				
			Option 4: Shaft ends ⁶						
		0		Standard round shaft ends with key stone					
		1 Square shaft ends (only by 50/250/1000Nm)							
		Option 5: Protection class							
					0	IP50			
					1	IP64 (without angle sensor)			
			\mathbf{r}	\square			,		

Read Out Unit for all NCTE Sensors



Ord.-No. 400010-ATS001

- Compact readout box with display
- I torque sensor input, 0-5V and 0-10V
- 1 angle encoder input, A/B
- 2x digital output
- USB interface, Windows software included
- SD card slot

11. Contact

NCTE AG Inselkammerstr. 4 82008 Unterhaching Germany Tel.:+ 49 89 665619-0 Fax:+ 49 89 665619-29 Email: <u>sales@ncte.de</u>

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